Mandupby
4/9

BUDHA DAL PUBLIC SCHOOL, PATIALA

I. Circle the correct options   (10)

1. Which of the following is an example of public transport?

   a) scooter   b) bicycle   c) bus   d) helicopter

2. India has _____ states.

   a) 27   b)28   c)29   d) 26

3. The capital of Nagaland is_____

   a) Kohima   b) Calcutta   c) Dehradun   d) Varanasi

4. A very useful and important invention was_____

   a) carriage   b) wheel   c) bullock cart   d) roads

5. Where did the early human beings live?

   a) on the roads   b) in rivers   c) in buildings   d) in caves

6. What did early human beings make using bones of animals?

   a) tools   b) weapons   c) jewellery   d) all of these

7. Which view of a place does a map show?

   a) top view   b) side view   c) upside down view   d) bottom view

8. ♻ stands for

a) danger   b) stop   c) recycle   d) no parking

9. Sahibzada Ajit Singh Nagar is the new name of

a) Chandigarh   b) Mohali   c) Kolkata   d) Bengaluru

10. What is drawn to mark events in the order in which they took

place?

a) lifeline   b) number line   c) future   d) timeline

II. Fill in the blanks: (5)

1. _____ is the largest Indian state.

2. A _____ is an instrument used to show directions.

3. The word 'history' comes from_____language.

4. India is the world's _____ largest country.

5. _____were sharp stones that were used to clean the skin of animals.

III. Write true or false: (5)

1. An ape is an animal that is like a monkey but does not have a tail. _____

2. More than half of Indian people live in villages._____

3. Early humans made clothes from skin of animals. _____

4. Someone who designs a building is known as a journalist._____

5. Books are the oral source of history._____

Match the columns: (3)

1. Educational facility   Chennai

2. Symbols and colours   School, college

3. Dehradun   key

4. Danger   Uttarakhand

5. Madras

6. No parking

V. Answer the following questions:

1. What is a tool? Give an example.   (2)

_____

_____

_____

2. Define a map.   (2)

_____

_____

3. How can history help a potter and a doctor with what they do? (2)

_____

_____

4. Why are landmarks useful? Give reasons. (2)

5. How did early human beings learn to make fire? (2)

6. Where is the central government of India located? Mention its main function. (2)

7. How did early human beings start cooking their food? (3)

Describe the work of an archaeologist. (3)
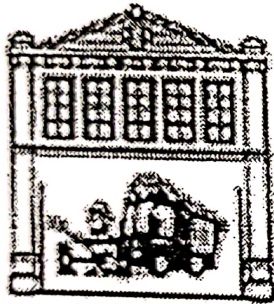
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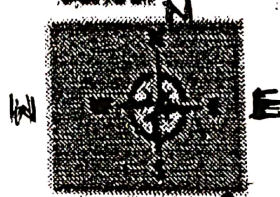9. Explain the duties of the government. (3)

_____

_____

_____

_____
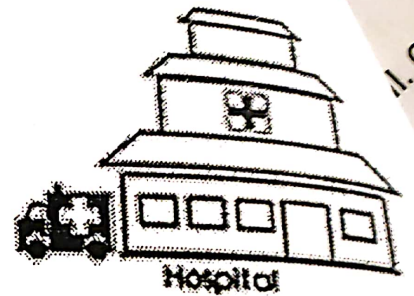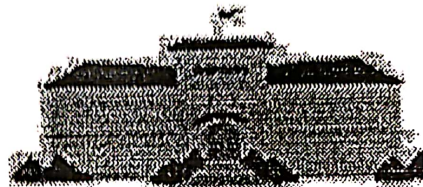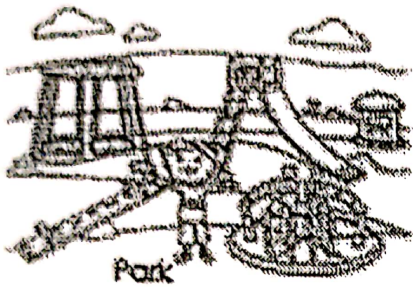
10. Early humans began farming and using the wheel. How has that helped modern humans?

or

Write 4 differences between a village and a city. (4)

_____

_____

_____

_____

VI. Look at the map and answer the following questions.

Park

School

Hospital

N

W E

S

Fire station

Bank

Toy Shop
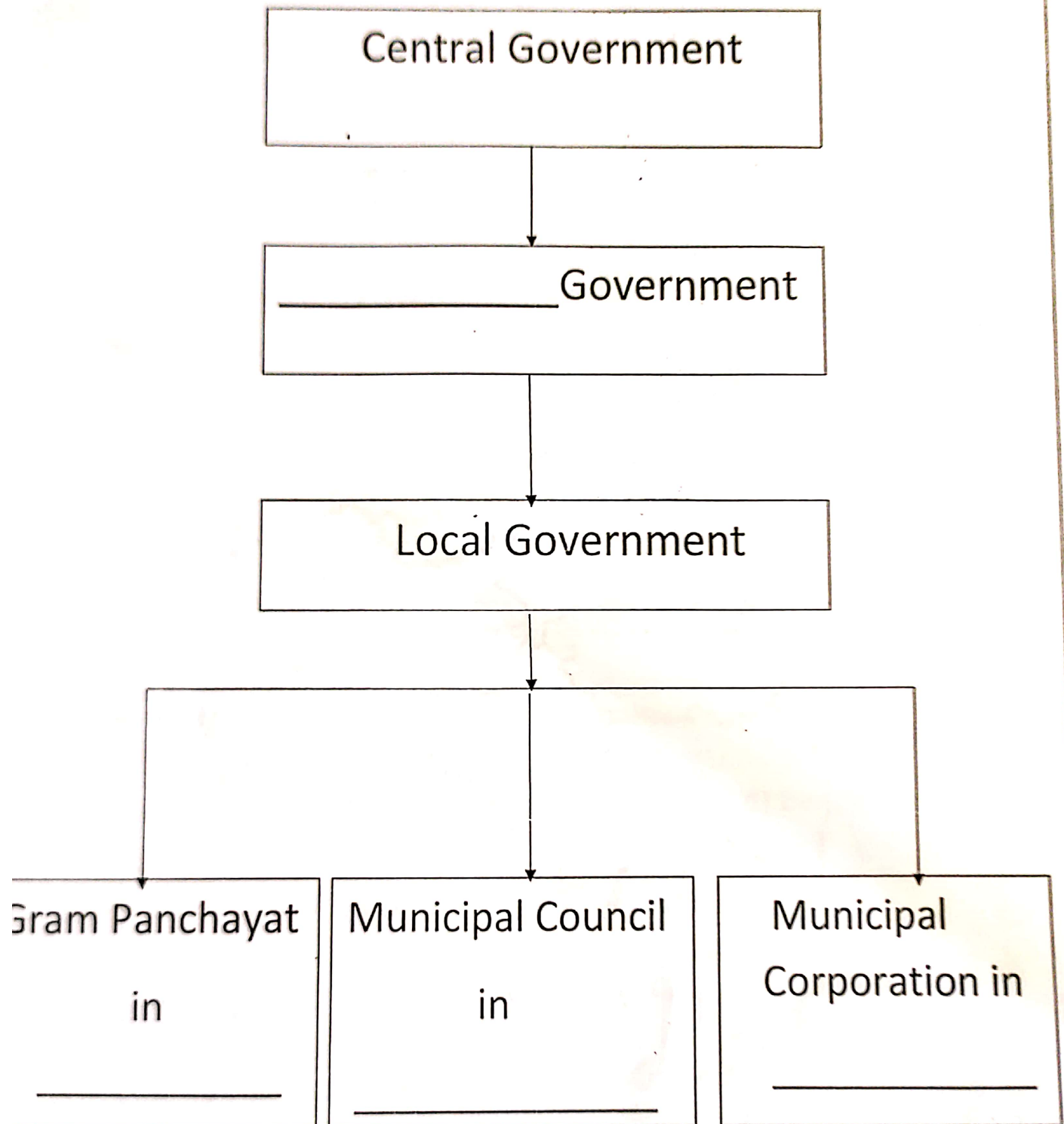
A) What is to the north of the bank? _____

B) What is to the west of the school? _____

C) What is to the east of the bank? _____

VII. Complete the following chart: (4)

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┌─────────────────────────────┐
│      Central Government      │
└─────────────────────────────┘
               │
               ▼
┌─────────────────────────────┐
│ _____ Government     │
└─────────────────────────────┘
               │
               ▼
┌─────────────────────────────┐
│       Local Government       │
└─────────────────────────────┘
               │
     ┌─────────┼─────────────┐
     ▼         ▼             ▼
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| Gram Panchayat in _____ | Municipal Council in _____ | Municipal Corporation in _____ |

VIII.   Mark the following places on the map of India.   (5)
        1. Punjab
        2. Goa
        3. Andaman and Nicobar
        4. Kerala
        5. Rajasthan